Package: basksim (via r-universe)

September 11, 2024

Type Package

Title Simulation-Based Calculation of Basket Trial Operating Characteristics

Version 1.0.0

Description Provides a unified syntax for the simulation-based comparison of different single-stage basket trial designs with a binary endpoint and equal sample sizes in all baskets. Methods include the designs by Baumann et al. (2024)
<doi:10.48550/arXiv.2309.06988>, Fujikawa et al. (2020)
<doi:10.1002/bimj.201800404>, Berry et al. (2020)
<doi:10.1177/1740774513497539>, Neuenschwander et al. (2016)
<doi:10.1093/biostatistics/kxz014>. For the latter three designs, the functions are mostly wrappers for functions provided by the packages 'bhmbasket' and 'bmabasket'.

License GPL (>= 3)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Imports arrangements, bhmbasket, bmabasket, doFuture, extraDistr, foreach, HDInterval, progressr

Suggests covr, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

Config/testthat/edition 3

URL https://github.com/lbau7/basksim

BugReports https://github.com/lbau7/basksim/issues

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adjust_lambda Adjust Lambda

Description

Adjust Lambda

Usage

adjust_lambda(design, ...)

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|--------|--|
| | Further arguments. |

Details

The default method for adjust_lambda uses a combination of uniroot and grid search and calls toer in every iteration. For methods implemented in the bhmbasket package there are separate methods that are computationally more efficient.

Value

A list containing the greatest estimated value for lambda with prec_digits decimal places which controls the family wise error rate at level alpha (one-sided) and the estimated family wise error rate for the estimated lambda.

Examples

```
design <- setup_cpp(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
adjust_lambda(design = design, n = 20, alpha = 0.05,
    design_params = list(tune_a = 1, tune_b = 1), iter = 1000)</pre>
```

adjust_lambda.bhm Adjust Lambda for the BHM Design

Description

Adjust Lambda for the BHM Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bhm'
adjust_lambda(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    alpha = 0.05,
    design_params = list(),
    iter = 1000,
    n_mcmc = 10000,
    prec_digits = 3,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|---------------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| alpha | The one-sided significance level. |
| design_params | A list of params that is specific to the class of design. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| n_mcmc | Number of MCMC samples. |
| prec_digits | Number of decimal places that are considered when adjusting lambda. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A list containing the greatest estimated value for lambda with prec_digits decimal places which controls the family wise error rate at level alpha (one-sided) and the estimated family wise error rate for the estimated lambda.

Examples

```
design <- setup_bhm(k = 3, p0 = 0.2, p_target = 0.5)
adjust_lambda(design = design, n = 15,
    design_params = list(tau_scale = 1), iter = 100, n_mcmc = 5000)</pre>
```

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adjust_lambda.default Adjust Lambda

Description

Adjust Lambda

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
adjust_lambda(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    alpha = 0.05,
    design_params = list(),
    iter = 1000,
    prec_digits = 3,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|---------------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities under the alternative hypothesis. If NULL then the type 1 error rate under the global null hypothesis is calculated. |
| alpha | The one-sided significance level. |
| design_params | A list of params that is specific to the class of design. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| prec_digits | Number of decimal places that are considered when adjusting lambda. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Details

It is recommended to use data and then use the same simulated data set for all further calculations. If data = NULL then new data is generated in each step of the algorithm, so lambda doesn't necessarily protect the family wise error rate for different simulated data due to Monte Carlo simulation error.

A list containing the greatest estimated value for lambda with prec_digits decimal places which controls the family wise error rate at level alpha (one-sided) and the estimated family wise error rate for the estimated lambda.

Examples

```
# Example for a basket trial with Fujikawa's Design
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
adjust_lambda(design = design, n = 20, alpha = 0.05,
    design_params = list(epsilon = 2, tau = 0), iter = 1000)
```

adjust_lambda.exnex Adjust Lambda for the EXNEX Design

Description

Adjust Lambda for the EXNEX Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'exnex'
adjust_lambda(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    alpha = 0.05,
    design_params = list(),
    iter = 1000,
    n_mcmc = 10000,
    prec_digits = 3,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|---------------|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| alpha | The one-sided significance level. |
| design_params | A list of params that is specific to the class of design. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| n_mcmc | Number of MCMC samples. |
| prec_digits | Number of decimal places that are considered when adjusting lambda. |

| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has |
|------|---|
| | to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A list containing the greatest estimated value for lambda with prec_digits decimal places which controls the family wise error rate at level alpha (one-sided) and the estimated family wise error rate for the estimated lambda.

Examples

```
design <- setup_exnex(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
adjust_lambda(design = design, n = 15,
    design_params = list(tau_scale = 1, w = 0.5), iter = 100, n_mcmc = 5000)</pre>
```

| е | С | d |
|---|---|---|
| | | |

Calculate the Expected Number of Correct Decisions for a Basket Trial Design

Description

Calculate the Expected Number of Correct Decisions for a Basket Trial Design

Usage

```
ecd(
  design,
  n,
  p1,
  lambda,
  design_params = list(),
  iter = 1000,
  data = NULL,
  ...
)
```

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|---------------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| design_params | A list of params that is specific to the class of design. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A numeric value.

Examples

```
# Example for a basket trial with Fujikawa's Design
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
ecd(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    design_params = list(epsilon = 2, tau = 0), iter = 1000)
```

get_data

Simulate Data Based on a Binomial Distribution

Description

Simulate Data Based on a Binomial Distribution

Usage

get_data(k, n, p, iter, type = c("matrix", "bhmbasket"))

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|------|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| р | Probabilities used to simulate the data |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| type | Type of output. Use bhmbasket for the BHM and EXNED design and matrix for everything else. |

Details

For type = "bhmbasket" this is simply a wraper for bhmbasket::simulateScenarios.

Value

If type = "matrix" then a matrix is returned, if type = "bhmbasket" then an element with class scenario_list.

Examples

get_data(k = 3, n = 20, p = c(0.2, 0.2, 0.5), iter = 1000)

get_details

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation

Usage

```
get_details(design, ...)
```

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|--------|--|
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors of all baskets and the family-wise error rate. For some methods the mean limits of HDI intervals are also returned.

Examples

```
# Example for a basket trial with Fujikawa's Design
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
epsilon = 2, tau = 0, iter = 100)
```

get_details.bhm Get Details of a BHM Basket Trial Simulation

Description

Get Details of a BHM Basket Trial Simulation

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bhm'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    tau_scale,
    iter = 1000,
```

```
n_mcmc = 10000,
data = NULL,
....)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class bhm. |
|-----------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| level | Level of the credibility intervals. |
| tau_scale | Standard deviation of the half normal prior distribution for the variance of the thetas. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| n_mcmc | Number of MCMC samples. |
| data | $An \ object \ of \ class \ scenario_list \ as \ returned \ by \ the \ function \ bhmbasket:: \ simulateScenarios$ |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

```
design <- setup_bhm(k = 3, p0 = 0.2, p_target = 0.5)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5),
lambda = 0.95, tau_scale = 1, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_details.bma Get Details of a BMA Basket Trial Simulation

Description

Get Details of a BMA Basket Trial Simulation

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bma'
get_details(design, n, p1 = NULL, lambda, pmp0, iter = 1000, data = NULL, ...)
```

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get_details.cpp

Arguments

| design | An object of class bma. |
|--------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| pmp0 | Power parameter that is used to compute prior probabilities. See bma for details. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, and mean squared errors for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

```
design <- setup_bma(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = 0.5, lambda = 0.95, pmp0 = 1,
    iter = 100)</pre>
```

| <pre>get_details.cpp</pre> | Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Calibrated Power |
|----------------------------|--|
| | Prior Design |

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Calibrated Power Prior Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cpp'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    tune_a,
    tune_b,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class cpp. |
|--------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to $p0$. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| level | Level of the credibility intervals. |
| tune_a | First tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| tune_b | Second tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

design <- setup_cpp(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
 tune_a = 1, tune_b = 1, iter = 100)</pre>

get_details.cppglobal Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Global Calibrated Power Prior Design

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Global Calibrated Power Prior Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cppglobal'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    tune_a,
```

```
tune_b,
epsilon,
iter = 1000,
data = NULL,
...
```

Arguments

)

| design | An object of class cppgen. |
|---------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| level | Level of the credibility intervals. |
| tune_a | First tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| tune_b | Second tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| epsilon | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on overall heterogeneity. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

```
design <- setup_cppglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
  tune_a = 1, tune_b = 1, epsilon = 2, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_details.exnex Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the EXNEX Design

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the EXNEX Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'exnex'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    tau_scale,
    w,
    iter = 1000,
    n_mcmc = 10000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class exnex. |
|-----------|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| level | Level of the credibility intervals. |
| tau_scale | Standard deviation of the half normal prior exchangeability distribution for the variance of the thetas. |
| w | Fixed prior weight for the exchangeability part of the model. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| n_mcmc | Number of MCMC samples. |
| data | An object of class scenario_list as returned by the function <code>bhmbasket::simulateScenarios</code> |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

```
design <- setup_exnex(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
tau_scale = 1, w = 0.5, iter = 100)</pre>
```

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get_details.fujikawa Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with Fujikawa's Design

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with Fujikawa's Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fujikawa'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    epsilon,
    tau,
    logbase = 2,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class fujikawa. |
|---------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| level | Level of the credibility intervals. |
| epsilon | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing. See <pre>setup_fujikawa</pre>). |
| tau | Tuning parameter that determines how similar the baskets have to be that infor- mation is shared. See <pre>setup_fujikawa</pre>). |
| logbase | Tuning parameter. The base of the logarithm that is used to calculate the Jensen-Shannon divergence. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |
| | |

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate and the experiment-wise power.

Examples

```
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
epsilon = 2, tau = 0, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_details.jsdglobal Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Power Prior Design Based on Global JSD Weights

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Power Prior Design Based on Global JSD Weights

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'jsdglobal'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    eps_pair,
    tau = 0,
    eps_all,
    logbase = 2,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class jsdgen. |
|----------|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| level | Level of the credibility intervals. |
| eps_pair | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity. |
| tau | Tuning parameter that determines how similar the baskets have to be that infor- mation is shared. |
| eps_all | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on overall heterogeneity. |

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| logbase | Tuning parameter. The base of the logarithm that is used to calculate the Jensen-Shannon divergence. |
|---------|---|
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

```
design <- setup_jsdglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    eps_pair = 2, eps_all = 2, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_details.mml Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the MML Design

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the MML Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mml'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

designAn object of class cpp.nThe sample size per basket.p1Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0.lambdaThe posterior probability threshold.levelLevel of the credibility intervals.

| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
|------|---|
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

```
design <- setup_mml(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
tune_a = 1, tune_b = 1, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_details.mmlglobal Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Global MML Design

Description

Get Details of a Basket Trial Simulation with the Global MML Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mmlglobal'
get_details(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    level = 0.95,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

| design | An object of class mmlglobal. |
|--------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| р1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| level | Level of the credibility intervals. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

get_results

Value

A list containing the rejection probabilites, posterior means, mean squared errors and mean limits of HDI intervals for all baskets as well as the family-wise error rate.

Examples

```
design <- setup_mmlglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_details(design = design, n = 20, p1 = 0.5, lambda = 0.95, iter = 100)
```

get_results

Get Results for Simulation of Basket Trial Designs

Description

Get Results for Simulation of Basket Trial Designs

Usage

```
get_results(design, ...)
```

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|--------|--|
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

```
# Example for a basket trial with Fujikawa's Design
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
epsilon = 2, tau = 0, iter = 100)
```

get_results.bhm

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the BHM Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bhm'
get_results(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    tau_scale,
    iter = 1000,
    n_mcmc = 10000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class bhm. |
|-----------|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| р1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| tau_scale | Standard deviation of the half normal prior distribution for the variance of the thetas. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| n_mcmc | Number of MCMC samples. |
| data | An object of class scenario_list as returned by the function bhmbasket::simulateScenarios. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

```
design <- setup_bhm(k = 3, p0 = 0.2, p_target = 0.5)
get_results(design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    tau_scale = 1, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.bma

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the BMA Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'bma'
get_results(design, n, p1 = NULL, lambda, pmp0, iter = 1000, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class bma. |
|--------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| pmp0 | Power parameter that is used to compute prior probabilities. See bma for details. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

```
design <- setup_bma(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    pmp0 = 1, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.cpp

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with a Calibrated Power Prior Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cpp'
get_results(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    tune_a,
    tune_b,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class cpp. |
|--------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to $p0$. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| tune_a | First tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| tune_b | Second tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

get_results.cppglobal

Examples

```
design <- setup_cpp(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
   tune_a = 1, tune_b = 1, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.cppglobal Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with a Global Calibrated Power Prior Design

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with a Global Calibrated Power Prior Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cppglobal'
get_results(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    tune_a,
    tune_b,
    epsilon,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

| design | An object of class cppgen. |
|---------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to $p0$. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| tune_a | First tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| tune_b | Second tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity between baskets. |
| epsilon | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on overall heterogeneity. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

Examples

```
design <- setup_cppglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
   tune_a = 1, tune_b = 1, epsilon = 2, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.exnex Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the EXNEX Design

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the EXNEX Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'exnex'
get_results(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    tau_scale,
    w,
    iter = 1000,
    n_mcmc = 10000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

| design | An object of class exnex. |
|-----------|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| tau_scale | Standard deviation of the half normal prior exchangeability distribution for the variance of the thetas. |
| W | Fixed prior weight for the exchangeability part of the model. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| n_mcmc | Number of MCMC samples. |
| data | An object of class scenario_list as returned by the function bhmbasket::simulateScenarios. |
| | Further arguments. |

get_results.fujikawa

Value

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

Examples

```
design <- setup_exnex(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
tau_scale = 1, w = 0.5, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.fujikawa Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with Fujikawa's Design

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with Fujikawa's Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fujikawa'
get_results(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    epsilon,
    tau,
    logbase = 2,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
```

)

| design | An object of class fujikawa. |
|---------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| epsilon | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing. See <pre>setup_fujikawa</pre>). |
| tau | Tuning parameter that determines how similar the baskets have to be that infor- mation is shared. See <pre>setup_fujikawa</pre>). |
| logbase | Tuning parameter. The base of the logarithm that is used to calculate the Jensen-Shannon divergence. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |

| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has |
|------|---|
| | to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

Examples

```
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
epsilon = 2, tau = 0, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.jsdglobal Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the Power Prior Design Based on Global JSD Weights

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the Power Prior Design Based on Global JSD Weights

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'jsdglobal'
get_results(
    design,
    n,
    p1 = NULL,
    lambda,
    eps_pair,
    tau = 0,
    eps_all,
    logbase = 2,
    iter = 1000,
    data = NULL,
    ...
)
```

| design | An object of class jsdgen. |
|--------|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |

| eps_pair | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on pairwise similarity. |
|----------|---|
| tau | Tuning parameter that determines how similar the baskets have to be that infor- mation is shared. |
| eps_all | Tuning parameter that determines the amount of borrowing based on overall heterogeneity. |
| logbase | Tuning parameter. The base of the logarithm that is used to calculate the Jensen-Shannon divergence. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

Examples

```
design <- setup_jsdglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    eps_pair = 2, eps_all = 2, iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.mml Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the MML Design

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the MML Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mml'
get_results(design, n, p1 = NULL, lambda, iter = 1000, data = NULL, ...)
```

| design | An object of class mml. |
|--------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

Examples

```
design <- setup_mml(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_results.mmlglobal Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the Global MML Design

Description

Get Results for Simulation of a Basket Trial with the Global MML Design

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mmlglobal'
get_results(design, n, p1 = NULL, lambda, iter = 1000, data = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

| design | An object of class mmlglobal. |
|--------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities used for the simulation. If NULL then all probabilities are set to p0. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A matrix of results with iter rows. A 0 means, that the null hypothesis that the response probability exceeds p0 was not rejected, a 1 means, that the null hypothesis was rejected.

```
design <- setup_mmlglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_results(design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    iter = 100)</pre>
```

get_scenarios

Description

Creates a default scenario matrix.

Usage

```
get_scenarios(design, p1)
```

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|--------|--|
| p1 | Probability under the alternative hypothesis. |

Details

get_scenarios creates a default scenario matrix that can be used for opt_design . The function creates k + 1 scenarios, from a global null to a global alternative scenario.

Value

A matrix with k rows and k + 1 columns.

Examples

design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
get_scenarios(design = design, p1 = 0.5)</pre>

opt_design

Optimize a Basket Trial Design

Description

Optimize a Basket Trial Design

Usage

```
opt_design(
   design,
   n,
   alpha,
   design_params = list(),
   scenarios,
   prec_digits,
```

```
iter = 1000,
data = NULL,
...
```

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. | |
|---------------|--|--|
| n | The sample size per basket. | |
| alpha | The one-sided significance level. | |
| design_params | A list of params that is specific to the class of design. | |
| scenarios | A matrix of scenarios. | |
| prec_digits | Number of decimal places that are considered when adjusting lambda. | |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. | |
| data | A list of data matrices generated with get_data. The list elements have to correspond to the columns of scenarios. | |
| | Further arguments. | |

Value

A matrix with the expected number of correct decisions.

```
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
scenarios <- get_scenarios(design, p1 = 0.5)
# Without simulated data
opt_design(design, n = 20, alpha = 0.05, design_params =
    list(epsilon = c(1, 2), tau = c(0, 0.5)), scenarios = scenarios,
    prec_digits = 3)
# With simulated data
scenario_list <- as.list(data.frame(scenarios))
data_list <- lapply(scenario_list,
    function(x) get_data(k = 3, n = 20, p = x, iter = 1000))
opt_design(design, n = 20, alpha = 0.05, design_params =
    list(epsilon = c(1, 2), tau = c(0, 0.5)), scenarios = scenarios,
    prec_digits = 3, data = data_list)</pre>
```

setup_bhm

Description

Setup BHM Design Object

Usage

setup_bhm(k, p0, p_target, mu_mean = NULL, mu_sd = 100)

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|----------|---|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| p_target | The response rate of interest. See details. |
| mu_mean | Mean of the normal prior distribution for the mean of the thetas. See details. |
| mu_sd | Standard deviation of the normal prior distribution for the mean of the thetas. |

Details

The class bhm implements the Bayesian Hierarchical Model proposed by Berry et al. (2013). Methods for this class are mostly wrappers for functions from the package bhmbasket.

In the BHM the thetas of all baskets are modeled, where theta_i = logit(p_i) - logit(p_target). These thetas are assumed to come from a normal distribution with mean mu_mean and standard deviation mu_sd. If mu_mean = NULL then mu_mean is determined as logit(p0) - logit(p_target), hence the mean of the normal distribution corresponds to the null hypothesis.

Value

An S3 object of class bhm

References

Berry, S. M., Broglio, K. R., Groshen, S., & Berry, D. A. (2013). Bayesian hierarchical modeling of patient subpopulations: efficient designs of phase II oncology clinical trials. Clinical Trials, 10(5), 720-734.

```
design_bhm <- setup_bhm(k = 3, p0 = 0.2, p_target = 0.5)</pre>
```

setup_bma

Description

Creates an object of class bma.

Usage

setup_bma(k, p0, shape1 = 1, shape2 = 1)

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|--------|--|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| shape1 | First common shape parameter of the beta prior. |
| shape2 | Second common shape parameter of the beta prior. |

Details

The class bma implements the Bayesian Model Averaging design by Pisoda et al. (2021). Functions for this class are mostly wrappers for functions of the bmabasket package.

Value

An S3 object of class bma

References

Psioda, M. A., Xu, J., Jiang, Q. I., Ke, C., Yang, Z., & Ibrahim, J. G. (2021). Bayesian adaptive basket trial design using model averaging. Biostatistics, 22(1), 19-34.

Examples

design_bma <- setup_bma(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)

setup_cpp

Description

Setup Calibrated Power Prior Design Object

Usage

setup_cpp(k, p0, shape1 = 1, shape2 = 1)

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|--------|--|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| shape1 | First common shape parameter of the beta prior. |
| shape2 | Second common shape parameter of the beta prior. |

Details

The class cpp implements a version of the power prior design, in which the amount of information that is shared between baskets is determined by the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test statistic between baskets (which is equivalent to the absolut difference in response rates).

Value

An S3 object of class cpp

References

Baumann, L., Sauer, L., & Kieser, M. (2024). A basket trial design based on power priors. arXiv:2309.06988.

Examples

design_cpp <- setup_cpp(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)

setup_cppglobal

Description

Setup Global Calibrated Power Prior Design Object

Usage

```
setup_cppglobal(k, p0, shape1 = 1, shape2 = 1)
```

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|--------|--|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| shape1 | First common shape parameter of the beta prior. |
| shape2 | Second common shape parameter of the beta prior. |

Details

The class cppglobal implements a version of the power prior design, in which the amount of information that is shared between baskets is determined by the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test statistic between basekts and a function based on response rate differences that quantifies the overall heterogeneity.

Value

An S3 object of class cppglobal

References

Baumann, L., Sauer, L., & Kieser, M. (2024). A basket trial design based on power priors. arXiv:2309.06988.

```
design_cppglobal <- setup_cppglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)</pre>
```

setup_exnex

Description

Setup EXNEX Design Object

Usage

```
setup_exnex(
    k,
    p0,
    basket_mean = NULL,
    basket_sd = 100,
    mu_mean = NULL,
    mu_sd = 100
}
```

```
)
```

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|-------------|---|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| basket_mean | Mean of the normal prior distribution of the individual thetas (NEX part). See details. |
| basket_sd | Standard deviation of the normal prior distribution of the individual thetas (NEX part). |
| mu_mean | Mean of the normal prior exchangeability distribution for the mean of the thetas (EX part). See details. |
| mu_sd | Standard deviation of the normal prior exchangeability distribution for the mean of the thetas (EX part). |

Details

The class exnex implements the EXNEX model proposed by Neuenschwander et al. (2016). Methods for this class are mostly wrappers for functions from the package bhmbasket.

In the EXNEX model the thetas of all baskets are modeled as a mixture of individual models and a Bayesian Hierarchical Model with a fixed mixture weight w. If mu_mean and basket_mean are NULL then they are set to logit(p0). Note that Neuenschwander et al. (2016) use different prior means and standard deviations. The default values here are used for better comparison with the BHM model (see setup_bhm).

Value

An S3 object of class exnex

References

Neuenschwander, B., Wandel, S., Roychoudhury, S., & Bailey, S. (2016). Robust exchangeability designs for early phase clinical trials with multiple strata. Pharmaceutical statistics, 15(2), 123-134.

Examples

```
design_exnex <- setup_exnex(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)</pre>
```

setup_fujikawa Setup Fujikawa Design Object

Description

Setup Fujikawa Design Object

Usage

setup_fujikawa(k, p0, shape1 = 1, shape2 = 1)

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|--------|--|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| shape1 | First common shape parameter of the beta prior. |
| shape2 | Second common shape parameter of the beta prior. |

Details

The class fujikawa implements a design by Fujikawa et al. (2020) in which information is shared based on the pairwise similarity between baskets which is quantified using the Jensen-Shannon divergence between the individual posterior distributions between baskets.

Value

An S3 object of class fujikawa

References

Fujikawa, K., Teramukai, S., Yokota, I., & Daimon, T. (2020). A Bayesian basket trial design that borrows information across strata based on the similarity between the posterior distributions of the response probability. Biometrical Journal, 62(2), 330-338.

```
design_fujikawa <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)</pre>
```

Description

Setup Global JSD Design Object

Usage

```
setup_jsdglobal(k, p0, shape1 = 1, shape2 = 1)
```

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|--------|--|
| рØ | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| shape1 | First common shape parameter of the beta prior. |
| shape2 | Second common shape parameter of the beta prior. |

Details

The class jsdglobal implements a version of the power prior design, in which information is shared based on pairwise similarity and overall heterogeneity between baskets. Both pairwise similarity and overall heterogeneity are assessed using the Jensen-Shannon divergence.

Value

An S3 object of class jsdglobal

References

Baumann, L., Sauer, L., & Kieser, M. (2024). A basket trial design based on power priors. arXiv:2309.06988.

```
design_jsdglobal <- setup_jsdglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)</pre>
```

setup_mml

Description

Creates an object of class mml.

Usage

 $setup_mml(k, p0, shape1 = 1, shape2 = 1)$

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|--------|--|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| shape1 | First common shape parameter of the beta prior. |
| shape2 | Second common shape parameter of the beta prior. |

Details

The class mml implements a modified version of the empirical Bayes method by Gravestock & Held (2017) which was proposed for borrowing strength from an external study. In their approach, the sharing weight is found as the maximum of the marginal likelihood of the weight, given the external data set. This leads, however, to non-symmetric weights when applied to sharing in basket trials, i.e. Basket i would not share the information from Basket j as the other way round. Therefore, a symmetrised version is used, where the mean of the two weights resulting from sharing in both directions is used.

Value

An S3 object of class mml

References

Gravestock, I., & Held, L. (2017). Adaptive power priors with empirical Bayes for clinical trials. Pharmaceutical statistics, 16(5), 349-360.

```
design_mml <- setup_mml(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
```

Description

Creates an object of class mmlglobal.

Usage

```
setup_mmlglobal(k, p0, shape1 = 1, shape2 = 1)
```

Arguments

| k | The number of baskets. |
|--------|--|
| p0 | A common probability under the null hypothesis. |
| shape1 | First common shape parameter of the beta prior. |
| shape2 | Second common shape parameter of the beta prior. |

Details

The class mmlglobal implements an empirical Bayes method by Gravestock & Held (2019) which was proposed for borrowing strength from multiple external studies.

Value

An S3 object of class mmlglobal

References

Gravestock, I., & Held, L. (2019). Power priors based on multiple historical studies for binary outcomes. Biometrical Journal, 61(5), 1201-1218.

Baumann, L., Sauer, L., & Kieser, M. (2024). A basket trial design based on power priors. arXiv:2309.06988.

```
design_mmlglobal <- setup_mmlglobal(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)</pre>
```

Description

Calculate the Type 1 Error Rate for a Basket Trial Design

Usage

```
toer(
  design,
  n,
  p1 = NULL,
  lambda,
  design_params = list(),
  iter = 1000,
  data = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| design | An object created with one of the setup functions. |
|---------------|---|
| n | The sample size per basket. |
| p1 | Probabilities under the alternative hypothesis. If NULL then the type 1 error rate under the global null hypothesis is calculated. |
| lambda | The posterior probability threshold. |
| design_params | A list of params that is specific to the class of design. |
| iter | The number of iterations in the simulation. Is ignored if data is specified. |
| data | A data matrix with k column with the number of responses for each basket. Has to be generated with get_data. If data is used, then iter is ignored. |
| | Further arguments. |

Value

A numeric value.

Examples

```
# Example for a basket trial with Fujikawa's Design
design <- setup_fujikawa(k = 3, p0 = 0.2)
toer(design = design, n = 20, p1 = c(0.2, 0.5, 0.5), lambda = 0.95,
    design_params = list(epsilon = 2, tau = 0), iter = 1000)
```

toer

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